Altitudinal Distribution of Ephemeroptera, Plecoptera, and Trichoptera in a Mountain Stream of Chiaksan

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ABSTRACT: Altitudinal distributions of the larvae of Ephemeroptera, Plecoptera, and Trichoptera were investigated from a typically preserved mountain stream of Chiaksan by qualitative samplings at 12 different sites seasonally from January 1996 to December 1997. Thirty-seven species of Ephemeroptera, 27 species of Plecoptera, and 32 species of Trichoptera occurred from the stream. Relatively even number of species of Ephemeroptera occurred from the upper to lower stream sections, whereas more species of Plecoptera and Trichoptera occurred in the upper and lower stream section, respectively. More discussions on the species with particular distributions were provided.

Key words: Altitudinal distribution, Ephemeroptera, Plecoptera, Trichoptera, Chiaksan, Korea

INTRODUCTION

Chiaksan (Chiak Mt., 1288 m) is located at the central area of the Korean peninsula (Fig. 1). The mountain area has been relatively well preserved since it was designated as a national park in 1984. Streams of Chiaksan are typically preserved mountain streams in Korea, although human activities have been increased recently in the lower section of the streams.

Aquatic insects are abundant, and most representative Korean species occur in the mountain streams. Although there have been many faunistic or community studies on aquatic insects in Korea since 1960s, comprehensive investigations on the altitudinal distributions of aquatic insects in a typically preserved stream were wanting (see Bae, 1996).

In this study, we investigated detailed altitudinal distributions of each species of major aquatic insect groups from a mountain stream of Chiakconsideration of altitude and stream order as follows.

800 m (order 1, headwater): width 0.5-1 m; boulder (50%), cobble (30%), pebble (20%); leaves abundant, algae absent; completely canopied; preserved.

750 m (order 1): width 1-2 m; boulder (30%), cobble (30%), pebble (30%), gravel and sand (10%);

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san. This study may provide basic ecological data for further population or community level studies of aquatic insects in Korea.

MATERIALS AND METHODS

Qualitative samplings were seasonally taken from January 1996 to December 1997 from a stream in Chiaksan area. The study stream (Fig. 1), Chupochon (Chupo creek, ca. 34 km), originates from Namdaebong (1187 m), the southernmost peak in Chiaksan area, and runs to the south along small village areas, and finally flows to Chungjuho (Chungju lake). The upper section of the stream above the altitude of 340 m belongs to the national park.

Twelve sampling sites (Fig. 1) were chosen in

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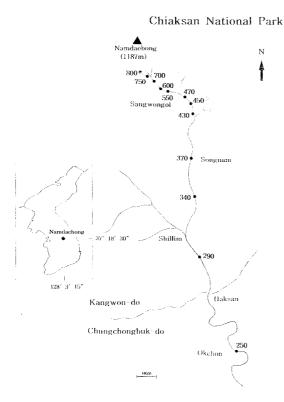


Fig. 1. Sampling sites in the study stream of Chiaksan.

leaves abundant, algae absent; completely canopied; preserved.

700 m (order 2): width 3–5 m; boulder (40%), cobble (30%), pebble (20%), gravel and sand (10%); leaves abundant, attached algae rare; 80% canopied; preserved.

600 m (order 2): width 5-10 m; boulder (40%), cobble (30%), pebble (20%), gravel and sand (10%); leaves abundant, attached algae rare; 50% canopied; preserved.

550 m (order 2): width 5-10 m; boulder (30%), cobble (30%), pebble (30%), gravel and sand (10%); leaves abundant, attached algae present; 40% canopied; preserved.

470 m (order 3): width 8-15 m; boulder (20%), cobble (40%), pebble (30%), gravel and sand (10%); leaves abundant, attached algae present; 20% canopied; a few farm houses near site.

450 m (order 3): width 10-15 m; boulder (20%), cobble (40%), pebble (30%), gravel and sand (10%); leaves present, attached algae increasing; 10% canopied; a few farm houses near site.

430 m (order 3): width 10-15m; boulder (20%), cobble (40%), pebble (30%), gravel and sand (10%); leaves present, attached algae increasing; 10% canopied; a few farm houses near site.

370 m (order 4): width 15-20 m; boulder (20%), cobble (40%), pebble (30%), gravel and sand (10%); attached algae abundant; 5% canopied; farm land, small village above site.

340 m (order 4): width 20-30 m; boulder (10%), cobble (50%), pebble (30%), gravel and sand (10%); attached algae abundant, organic matter increasing; 0% canopied; farm land, small village above site.

290 m (order 5): width 30-40 m; boulder (10%), cobble (40%), pebble (30%), gravel and sand (20%); attached algae abundant, organic matter increasing; 0% canopied; farm land, small town above site, traffic road beside.

250 m (order 5): width 30-50 m; boulder (10%), cobble (40%), pebble (30%), gravel and sand (20%); attached algae abundant, organic matter increasing; 0% canopied; farm land, small village above site, traffic road beside.

At each site, aquatic insect larvae were collected by hand screen, Surber net, and scoop-type hand net at riffle, run, and pool areas. Other particular microhabitats, e.g., stream margins, waterfalls, etc., were also checked.

Among the aquatic insects collected from the stream, only Ephemeroptera, Plecoptera, and Trichoptera were included in this paper because those groups have been relatively well known and larval keys are available. Larvae were determined by Yoon (1988, 1995) and other taxonomic references, preserved in alcohol, and deposited at Seoul Women's University.

RESULTS AND DISCUSSION

Ephemeroptera

Thirty-seven species of Ephemeroptera in 8 families occurred from the study stream (Table 1). Three major groups of Ephemeroptera, Baetidae, Heptageniidae, and Ephemerellidae, were most abundant in the stream. Ameletids (Ameletus costalis and A. montanus), some species of heptageniids (Iron aesculus, Cinygmula KUa, Ecdyonurus dracon, and Heptagenia kihada), Paraleptophlebia chocorata, and Ephemera separigata were the representatives of the uppermost stream sec-

Table 1. Altitudinal distribution of Ephemeroptera, Plecoptera, and Trichoptera from a mountain stream of Chiaksan.

	Order I		Order II			Order III			Order IV		Order V	
Species	800 m	$750\mathrm{m}$	700 m	600 m	$550\mathrm{m}$	$470\mathrm{m}$	450 m	430 m	370 m	340 m	290 m	250 m
Order Ephemeroptera												
Family Siphlonuridae												
Siphlonurus chankae									*			
_												
Family Ameletidae												
Ameletus costalis	*		*		*	*						
Ameletus montanus			*		*		*		*	*		
Family Baetidae												
Baetiella tuberculata									*		*	*
			l			1			1		*	*
Acentrella sibirica					*		*		*		*	
Baetis sp.1					ጥ	ste.	-7-				*	
Baetis sp.2						*			*			
Baetis sp.3					*				*		*	*
Alainites muticus					*	*					*	*
Procloeon pennulatum									*			
Family Heptageniidae												
Iron aesculus		*	*	*	*	*	*		*			*
Epeorus curvatulus				*	*	*		*	*		*	*
									*		*	*
Epeorus pellucidus						*			*			
Rhithrogena japonica	*		*	*	ale	, "	*		*		ļ	
Cinygmula KUa	**		4	ጥ	*							
Cinygmula grandifolia						*	**		*			
Ecdyonurus bajkovae					*	*	*		*		*	36
Ecdyonurus dracon	*	*	*		*	*				*		
Ecdyonurus kibunensis					*	*		*	*	*	*	
Ecdyonurus abrakadabrus									*			
Ecdyonurus levis								*	*		*	*
Heptagenia kihada	*	*	*		*							
Family Leptophlebiidae												
	, *	*	*		*	*	*		*			
Paraleptophlebia chocolate	t "	•••	"		**	7.	,,	*				
Choroterpes altioculus								·				
Family Ephemeridae												
Ephemera orientalis									*		*	*
Ephemera separigata	*	**	*	*	*	*						
Ephemera strigata					*	*	*		*		*	*
Family Enhanceallidas												
Family Ephemerellidae						*			*		*	
Cincticostella tshernovae		*	*	*	*	*	*		*		*	*
Cincticostella levanidovae		ጥ	*	*	*	*	*		*		*	*
Drunella aculea				ጥ			4	,*-	**		*	r.
Drunella cryptomeria					*	*		*				
Drunella solida					*				*			
Ephemerella dentata					*		*		*	*	*	*
Ephemerella kozhovi									*			
Serratella setigera			`					*	*		*	*
Uracanthella rufa				*				*	*		*	*
Family Potamanthidae												
Potamanthus yooni												*
1 otamaninus yooni			<u></u>						<u></u>			·

Table 1, continued

Table 1. continued.	0.1.7						O 1 II	T	0.1 177			
Species	Order I 800 m 750 m		Order II 700 m 600 m 550 m			Order III			Order IV		Order V 290 m 250 m	
	500 III		100 111	000 III	000 111	770111	400111	400 III	570 III	040 III	200111	20011
Order Plecoptera												
Family Scopuridae	*	*	*									
Scopura laminata	-1-											
Family Taeniopterygidae												
Taenionema KUa			*		*	*						
Taenionema KUc			*				*					
1 demonema 1200												
Family Nemouridae												
Amphinemura coreana			*	*	*	*			*			
Amphinemura sp.					*							
Nemoura tau			*						*		*	*
Nemoura KUa									*			
Protonemura KUa									*			
Family Capniidae												
Capnia KUa			*		*				*			
Paracapnia sp.					*				*			
Eucapnopsis sp.				*	*							
Family Leuctridae												
Rhopalopsole mahunkai					*							
												
Family Peltoperlidae												
Yoraperla KUa			*		*	1						
Yoraperla sp.	*		*	*								
Family Perlodidae												
Archynopteryx KUa			*		*				*			*
Megarcys ochracea	*								*			
Isoperla KUa				*	*							
Stavsolus KUa								*				
						*			*			
Stavsolus sp.												
Family Perlidae												
Kiotina decorata					*	*	*]	
Oyamia coreana					*	*			*			
Oyamia nigribasis					*	*			*			
Neoperla coreensis						*						
Neoperla quadrata						*			*			
Kamimuria coreana	*		*	*	*	*			*			
Kamimuria KUa								*	*			
E9-Chlos P1												
Family Chloroperlidae	*		*	*	*	*	*		*			
Sweltsa nikkoensis	ж		*	ক	*	*	ক		*			
Order Trichoptera												
Family Stenopsychidae												
Stenopsyche griseipennis						1			*		*	*
Stenopsyche bergeri						*		*			*	*
Family Different will												
Family Philopotamidae					*				*			
<i>Wormaldia</i> KUa					ጥ				, "			

Table 1. continued.

Family Psychomyiidae Psychomyia KUa Family Polycentropodidae Plectrocnemia KUa Family Hydropsychidae Arctopsyche ladogensis Hydropsyche KUa Hydropsyche KUb Hydropsyche KUc Hydropsyche KUc Cheumatopsyche brevilineata Cheumatopsyche KUa Cheumatopsyche KUa Cheumatopsyche KUb Family Rhyacophilidae	00 m	ler I 750 m		Order I 600 m			Order II 450 m		Orde 370 m *			ler V 250 m * *
Psychomyia KUa Family Polycentropodidae Plectrocnemia KUa Family Hydropsychidae Arctopsyche ladogensis Hydropsyche KUa Hydropsyche KUb Hydropsyche KUc Hydropsyche KUe Cheumatopsyche KUe Cheumatopsyche KUa Cheumatopsyche KUa Cheumatopsyche KUa Family Rhyacophilidae Rhyacophila articulata					*							
Plectrocnemia KUa Family Hydropsychidae Arctopsyche ladogensis Hydropsyche KUa Hydropsyche KUb Hydropsyche KUc Hydropsyche KUe Cheumatopsyche brevilineata Cheumatopsyche KUa Cheumatopsyche KUa Family Rhyacophilidae Rhyacophila articulata					*						*	*
Plectrocnemia KUa Family Hydropsychidae Arctopsyche ladogensis Hydropsyche KUa Hydropsyche KUb Hydropsyche KUc Hydropsyche KUe Cheumatopsyche brevilineata Cheumatopsyche KUa Cheumatopsyche KUa Family Rhyacophilidae Rhyacophila articulata					*						*	*
Arctopsyche ladogensis Hydropsyche KUa Hydropsyche KUb Hydropsyche KUc Hydropsyche KUe Cheumatopsyche brevilineata Cheumatopsyche KUa Cheumatopsyche KUb Family Rhyacophilidae Rhyacophila articulata									*			
Hydropsyche KUa Hydropsyche KUb Hydropsyche KUc Hydropsyche KUe Cheumatopsyche brevilineata Cheumatopsyche KUa Cheumatopsyche KUb Family Rhyacophilidae Rhyacophila articulata									*≉			
Hydropsyche KUb Hydropsyche KUc Hydropsyche KUe Cheumatopsyche brevilineata Cheumatopsyche KUa Cheumatopsyche KUb Family Rhyacophilidae Rhyacophila articulata												
Hydropsyche KUc Hydropsyche KUe Cheumatopsyche brevilineata Cheumatopsyche KUa Cheumatopsyche KUb Family Rhyacophilidae Rhyacophila articulata									*	İ	*	*
Hydropsyche KUe Cheumatopsyche brevilineata Cheumatopsyche KUa Cheumatopsyche KUb Family Rhyacophilidae Rhyacophila articulata						*		*	*		*	*
Cheumatopsyche brevilineata Cheumatopsyche KUa Cheumatopsyche KUb Family Rhyacophilidae Rhyacophila articulata						*		*	*		*	77
Cheumatopsyche KUa Cheumatopsyche KUb Family Rhyacophilidae Rhyacophila articulata									*		*	*
Cheumatopsyche KUb Family Rhyacophilidae Rhyacophila articulata								*			*	*
Rhyacophila articulata												*
Rhyacophila articulata												
	*		*		*	*			*			
zvie, acopiusa or conceptuala					*							
Rhyacophila clemens									*			
$Rhyacophila\ shikotsuensis$					*				*		*	*
Rhyacophila retracta									*			*
Rhyacophila KUa			*		*	*			*		*	
Apsilochorema KUa					*	*						
Family Glossosomatidae		-										
Glossosoma KUa			*		*				*		*	*
Agapetus KUa											*	*
Family Hydroptilidae Hydroptila KUa												*
-												
Family Brachycentridae Micracema KUa					*							
Family Phryganeidae									, t			
Semblis phalaenoides									*			
Family Limnephilidae										*		
Goera sp.1	*	*	*	*	*	*			*	-4-	*	
Hydatophylax nigrovittatus Neophylax sp.1					•	*			*		*	
Notopsyche KUa									*	İ	*	
Family Lepidostomatidae												
Goerodes KUa			*									
Goerodes KUb									*			
Family Odontoceridae												
	*					*			*	*		

tion (order 1 and 2) and most of them were found at the headwater stream (order 1). Baetids and

ephemerellids were most diverse and abundant in the stream sections of lower than 600 m altitude. Iron aesculus, Ecdyonurus bajkovae, E. kibunensis, Paraleptophlebia chocolata, and Cincticostella levanidovae showed wide range of altitudinal distributions, but they were relatively abundant in the middle section of the stream (order 2-4). Siphlonurus chankae, Acentrella sibirica, Baetiella tuberculata, Epeorus pellucidus, Ephemera orientalis, and Potamanthus yooni occurred in relatively lower stream section (order 4-5). As studied by Bae (1995) and Lee et al. (1995, 1996), each species of ephemerids showed discrete range of altitudinal distribution in order of Ephemera separigata, E. strigata, and E. orientalis from the headwater.

Plecoptera

Twenty-seven species of Plecoptera in 9 families occurred from the study stream (Table 1). As usual, most Plecoptera species were found from higher altitude (order 1-3). In particular, Scopura laminata, Yoraperla sp., Megarcys ochracea, Kamimuria coreana, and Sweltsa nikkoensis occurred at the headwater (order 1). Nemoura tau, Archynopteryx KUa, Kamimuria coreana, and Sweltsa nikkoensis showed relatively wide altitudinal range.

Trichoptera

Thirty-two species of Trichoptera in 13 families occurred from the study stream (Table 1). In general, most Trichoptera species were found relatively lower stream section (order 3-5). The family Stenopsychidae, Hydropsychidae, Hydroptilidae, Phryganeidae, and Limnephilidae were the representatives of the lower stream section (order 3-5). The family Rhyacophilidae showed relatively wide altitudinal range. Only widely distributed species, e.g., Rhyacophila articulata, Hydatophylax nigrovittatus, and Psilotreta kisoensis, were found at the headwater (order 1).

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국문적요: 치악산 계류의 수서곤충(하루살이목, 강도래목, 날도래목) 고도분포. 박선진, 박선영, 김종선, 배연재(서울여자대학교 생물학과) 1996년 1월부터 1997년 12월까지 매계절 1회씩 우리나라에서 전형적으로 잘 보존된 산간계류인 치악산 계류의 12개 지점에서 정성채집을 실시하여 하루살이목, 강도래목, 날도래목 각종의 고도 및 하순별 분포를 조사하였다. 조사하천에서 하루살이목 37종, 강도래목 27종 및 날도래목 32종이 출현하였고, 하루살이목은 상류로부터 하류까지 비교적 고르게 출현하였으나 강도래목은 상류에서, 날도래목은 하류에서 더 많은 종이 출현하였다. 각 고도에 따라 특이하게 출현하는 종에 대하여 논하였다.

검색어 : 고도분포, 하루살이, 강도래, 날도래, 치악산, 한국